REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

FORM APPROVED OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and meintaining the data needed and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of the collection of information, including suggestions for reducing the burden to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302 and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503

1.	AGENCY	USE	ONLY	(Leave	blank)

2. REPORT DATE Oct. 29, 1997 3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED
Annual, 10/1/96 - 9/30/97

4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE OF REPORT
High Speed, Numerically Superior Signal Processing
Algorithms Using QRD and Delta Operator

5. FUNDING NUMBERS
N00014-96-1-0241

6. AUTHOR(S)

H. (Howard) Fan

7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)

University of Cincinnati Dept. of ECECS, ML 30 Cincinnati, OH 45221 8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER:

9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)

Office of Naval Research Attn.: Dr. Clifford Lau 800 North Quincy St. Arlington, VA 22217-5660 10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER:

11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES:

12a. DISTRIBUTION AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Approved for Public Release

Approved to public releases

Distribution flatingsed

13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)

Several research topics related to the delta-operator have been studied. Firstly, we are completing our research on the delta-operator based efficient stability tests by tieing all loose ends and presenting the results in various coherent ways. Secondly, a delta-operator based least squares lattice algorithm has been developed. The new algorithm is computationally efficient, and has better numerical properties than the existing ones. Thirdly, more results have been obtained in the least squares method using the "generalized delta operator". In one of these new results, a computationally efficient algorithm using the delta operator has been developed to estimate continuous-time autoregressive process parameters from discrete-time data. Other topics such as blind equalization have also been studied and further results obtained.

DITO QUALITY INSERCITATION

14. SUBJECT TERMS	15.	NUMBER OF PAGES: 5		
delta operator, st continuous-time AR	16.	PRICE CODE		
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT:	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	20.	LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT
Unclassified	Unclassified	Unclassified		SAR

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH ANNUAL PROJECT REPORT

19971031 121

CONTRACT:

N00014-96-1-0241

TITLE:

High Speed, Numerically Superior Signal Processing Algorithms Using

ORD & Delta Operator

PI:

Dr. H. (Howard) Fan, University of Cincinnati

PERIOD:

1 October 1996 through 30 Sept. 1997

This period is the second annum under this new grant. Our efforts are focused on the following activities:

- 1. Continue to study and disseminate the delta-operator based stability test algorithms, due to the importance of this subject. We have revised and published some previously submitted journal papers (B2), and have published a conference paper (I2). We are completing this important subject in many details, and are preparing to write a book on it. The PI also organized an invited session on the delta operator in systems, control, and signal processing for the coming IEEE Conference on Decision and Control to be held in San Diego in December 1997.
- 2. Our study shows that the delta operator based signal processing algorithms seem to give comparable numerical behavior as the QRD based algorithms, whereas their combination does not seem to give any further improvement in numerical behavior. We are currently studying this phenomenon, in trying to understand why this is the case. Meanwhile, we have improved our previous results on delta-operator Levinson and Schur algorithms to have achieved yet much better results than before (see publication H2). Recently we have also developed a delta least squares lattice algorithm. This algorithm has very high computational efficiency (at the order of O(N) where N is the order of the lattice filter) and better numerical accuracy that the traditional least squares lattice algorithm under fast sampling. We have submitted a conference paper to ICASSP '98, and will be submitting a journal paper shortly. During this period we also published a conference paper on our results about the modified normalized lattice and its limit as the sampling frequency approaches infinity (I3). This result had been reported last year.
- 3. The cooperative research on the "generalized delta operator" with the Swedish researchers led by Prof. Söderström turns out to be quite "profitable". We concentrate our study on identification of continuous-time ARX model parameters using discrete-time data and either the delta operator or the generalized delta operator. Not only have we published our first result using the least squares approach in the journal form (B3), we also have obtained further interesting results in terms of bias compensation and ways of coping with additive noise. Some of the new results have been presented recently in a conference (I1). We have also submitted a conference paper to ICASSP'98, and submitted a journal paper as well (A3). The results with additive noise will also be submitted and published in the near future.
- 4. Blind Equalization. This work is a continuation of the last year's work which was jointly supported by the AASERT program under Grant N00014-93-1-1032 (expired). We have constructed a family of new cost functions which work at least as well as the well known constant modulus algorithm (CMA), also known as the Godard-2 algorithm, but may even potentially be better than the CMA. We have submitted two journal papers (A1 and A2) and presented one more conference paper (I4). We have also filed a provisional patent application on this technique (F1). Recently we have developed a stochastic Newton-like algorithm for blind equalization. The new algorithm applies to many cost functions including the CMA and our own, and converges much faster than the existing algorithms. The computational complexity is O(N²). We have submitted a conference paper to ICASSP'98. Currently we are working on its fast

- implementation (QRD-LSL-like) which will have a computational complexity of only O(N), and will be filing another patent application on these results.
- 5. Continue to work on other aspects which were initiated before. One of them is the robustness issue in our previous work on linear time-varying system modelling using wavelets. We have shown that our previous approach, which was reported previously, is robust to narrow band noise or impulsive noise. We presented an invited paper at a recent conference (H1) and have also submitted a journal paper on this subject (A4). We have also overseen the publication processes to completion for the papers (B1) and (B4).

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS/PATENTS/PRESENTATIONS/HONORS REPORT for

1 October 1996 through 30 Sept. 1997

N00014-96-1-0241

Contract/Grant Number:

Contract/Grant Title:		High Speed, Numerically Superior Signal Processing Algorithms Using QRD and Delta Operator			
Principal Investigator:		Dr. H. (Howard) Fan			
Mailing Address:		Dept. of Electrical & Computer Engineering and Computer Science M.L. 30 University of Cincinnati Cincinnati, OH 45221			
Phone	Number (with area co	de): (513) 556-4765			
E-Mai	il Address: h.fan@u	ıc.edu			
b. N c. N d. N e. N f. N h. N i. N i. H k. T k.	umber of Papers Publish umber of Books or Chap umber of Books or Chap umber of Printed Techni umber of Patents Filed: umber of Patents Grante umber of Invited Present umber of Presentations a fonors/Awards/Prizes for	cal Reports & Non-Refereed Pa	4		
6 m et na fa	fow many of each are fen numbers are for ONR's Innorities include Blacks, and those of Hispanic ationality. These Asians acilitate meeting the vary e "under-represented").	Aleuts Amindians, or Asian extraction/ are singled out to	Grad Student Female [

A. PAPERS SUBMITTED TO REFEREED JOURNALS

- 1. V. Shtrom and H. Fan, "A new class of cost functions in blind equalization," <u>IEEE Trans. on Signal Processing</u>, in review..
- 2. V. Shtrom and H. Fan, "Analysis of the effects of additive white Gaussian noise on two blind equalization algorithms," <u>IEEE Trans. on Information Theory</u>, in review.
- 3. H. Fan, T. Söderström, M. Mossberg, B. Carlsson, and Y. Zou, "Estimation of continuous-time AR process parameters from discrete-time data," <u>IEEE Trans. on Signal Processing</u>, in review.
- 4. M. Doroslovacki, H. Fan, and L. Yao, "Wavelet-based identification of linear discrete-time systems: Robustness issue," <u>Automatica</u>, in review..

B. PAPERS PUBLISHED IN REFEREED JOURNALS

- 1. H. Fan, "A structural view of asymptotic convergence speed of adaptive IIR filtering algorithms Part II: Finite precision implementation," <u>IEEE Trans. on Signal Processing</u>, vol. 45, no. 6, pp. 1458-1472, June 1997.
- 2. H. Fan, "Efficient zero location tests for delta-operator based polynomials," <u>IEEE Trans. on</u> Automatic Control, vol. 42, no. 5, pp. 722-727, May 1997.
- 3. T. Söderström, H. Fan, B. Carlsson, and S. Bigi, "Least-squares parameter estimation of continuous-time ARX models from discrete-time data," <u>IEEE Trans. on Automatic Control</u>, vol. 42, no. 5, pp. 659-673, May 1997.
- 4. H. Fan, "An efficient order recursive algorithm with a lattice structure for estimating continuous-time AR process parameters," <u>Automatica</u>, vol. 33, no. 3, pp. 305-317, March 1997.

D. BOOKS OR CHAPTERS PUBLISHED

The following paper

H. Fan and X. Liu, "Delta Levinson and Schur type RLS algorithms for adaptive signal processing," IEEE Trans. Signal Processing, vol. 42, no. 7, pp. 1629-1639, July 1994

has been selected to be included in the following edited book:

<u>High Performance VLSI Signal Processing – Innovative Architectures and Algorithms</u>, K.J.R. Liu and K. Yao, eds., IEEE Press, 1997.

F. PATENTS FILED

1. V. Shtrom and H. Fan, "Methods and apparatus useful in blind equalization," Provisional patent application filed by the University of Cincinnati Patent Office, April 1997.

H. INVITED PRESENTATIONS AT PROFESSIONAL SOCIETY MEETINGS

- 1. M. Doroslovacki and H. Fan, "Wavelet-based identification of linear discrete-time systems," <u>Proc.</u> 11th IFAC Symposium on Syst. Id., vol. 1, pp. 9-14, Kitakyushu, Japan, July 1997.
- 2. H. Fan, "Improved delta Levinson and Schur type RLS algorithms," <u>Proc. 34th Allerton Conf. on Comm., Control, and Computing, Monticello, IL, Oct. 1996.</u>

I. PRESENTATIONS AT PROFESSIONAL SOCIETY MEETINGS

- 1. T. Söderström, H. Fan, M. Mossberg, and B. Carlsson, "A bias-compensation scheme for estimating continuous-time AR process parameters," <u>Proc. 11th IFAC Symposium on Syst. Id.</u>, vol. 3, pp. 1337-1342, Kitakyushu, Japan, July1997.
- 2. H. Fan, "Delta-operator based efficient stability tests," <u>Proc. 1997 American Control Conference</u>, vol. 4, pp. 2508-2512, Albuquerque, NM, June 1997.
- 3. P. De and H. Fan, "A modified normalized lattice adaptive filter for fast sampling," <u>Proc. Intl. Conf. on Acoust.</u>, Speech, Signal Processing, vol. 3, pp. 1941-1944, Munich, Germany, April 1997.
- 4. V. Shtrom and H. Fan, "A refined class of cost functions in blind equalization," <u>Proc. Intl. Confl.</u> on Acoust., Speech, Signal Processing, vol. 3, pp. 2273-2276, Munich, Germany, April 1997.

K. GRADUATE STUDENTS SUPPORTED UNDER THE CRP FOR THIS PERIOD

- 1. P. De, Ph.D. candidate
- 2. G. Yan, Ph.D. candidate (partially supported)
- 3. X. Li, Ph.D. candidate (partially supported)